

# Coefficient perturbations in diffusion equations

## Internship project

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Bonn, 09/01/2025

# Motivation & Goal

- Manufactured composite materials are often intended to be **periodic**
- Manufacturing process  $\implies$  **Random defects**  $\implies$  Non-periodic result
- How such **defects affect** the mechanical integrity of the material ?

Coefficient  
perturbations

A. WAYOFF

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formulation

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Construction of  
randomly perturbed  
coefficient  $A$

Single defect

Random  
defects

Comparison of  
strategies in 1D

Conclusion

- Manufactured composite materials are often intended to be **periodic**
- Manufacturing process  $\implies$  **Random defects**  $\implies$  Non-periodic result
- How such **defects affect** the mechanical integrity of the material ?

## Goal of the talk

- We propose and analyze a **numerical approach** to efficiently solve elliptic PDES with periodic coefficient that has **random defects**, in **1D** and **2D**
- The methodology uses **pre-computation** of certain configurations in an offline phase allowing **rapid solution** of the problem in the online phase

# Problem formulation

- Diffusion equation in  $\Omega = [0; 1]^d$

Perfect coefficient

$$(\mathcal{P}_\varepsilon) \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{Find } u_\varepsilon: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbf{R} \text{ s.t.} \\ -\operatorname{div}(A_\varepsilon \nabla u_\varepsilon) = f \quad \text{in } \Omega \\ u_\varepsilon = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{array} \right.$$

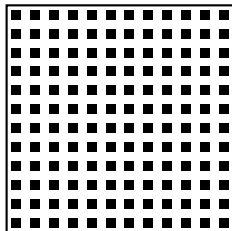
Perturbed coefficient

$$(\mathcal{P}) \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{Find } u: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbf{R} \text{ s.t.} \\ -\operatorname{div}(A \nabla u) = f \quad \text{in } \Omega \\ u = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{array} \right.$$

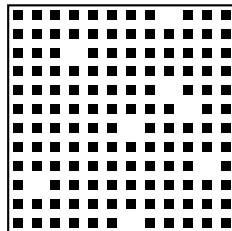
- Setting

$$f \in L^2(\Omega) \quad A(x) \in \{\alpha, \beta\} \quad \|A_\varepsilon - A\|_{L^\infty(\Omega)} \approx 1 \quad \operatorname{supp}(A_\varepsilon - A) \ll |\Omega|$$

- Example



$A_\varepsilon$ , perfect coefficient

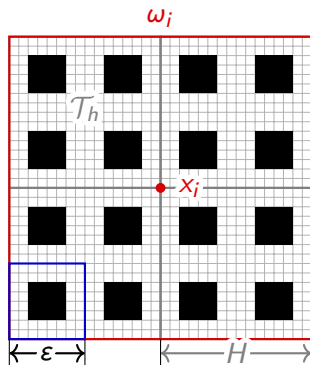


$A$ , perturbed coefficient

# Notations

$$(\mathcal{P}) \iff \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Find } u \in V := H_0^1(\Omega) \text{ s.t.} \\ \alpha(u, w) := (A \nabla u, \nabla w) = (f, w), \quad \forall w \in V \end{array} \right.$$

- **Fine mesh**  $\mathcal{T}_h$  and  $V_h$  the corresponding  $\mathbb{P}_1$ -FEM space
- Let  $u_h \in V_h$  solve  $\alpha(u_h, w) = (f, w), \quad \forall w \in V_h$ .
- **Coarse space**  $V_H \subset V_h$  with  $h < \varepsilon < H$



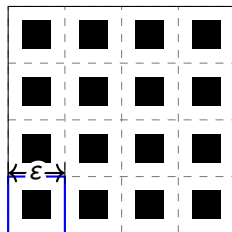
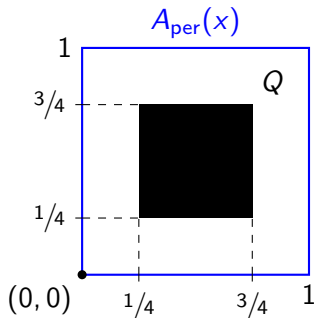
# Construction of randomly perturbed coefficient $A$

## ■ Randomly perturbed coefficient

$$A(x, \omega) = A_\varepsilon(x) + b_{p,\varepsilon}(x, \omega)B_\varepsilon(x),$$

$A_\varepsilon(x) = A_{\text{per}}(x/\varepsilon)$  with  $A_{\text{per}}$  1-periodic and elliptic and  $\varepsilon = 1/n$ ,  $B_\varepsilon$  similar

## ■ Example : *Sponge*



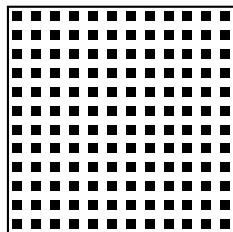
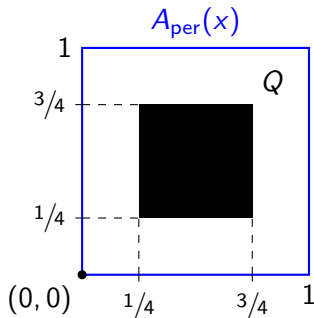
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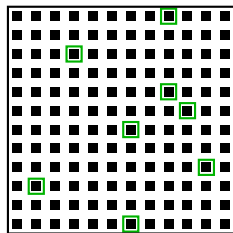
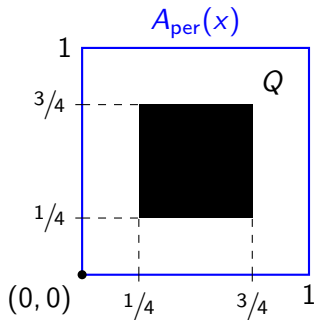
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## ■ Random character

$$b_{p,\varepsilon}(x, \omega) = \sum_{j \in I_0} \chi_{\varepsilon(j+Q)}(x) \hat{b}_p^j(\omega) \quad \text{where} \quad \hat{b}_p^j(\omega) \sim \mathcal{Ber}(p) \text{ i.i.d.}$$

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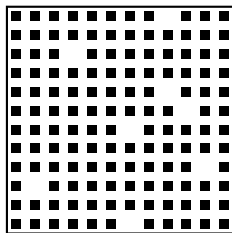
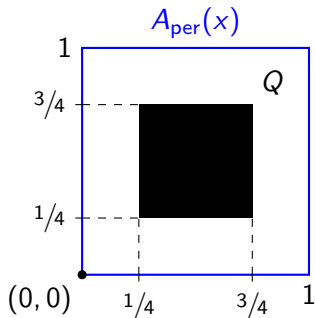
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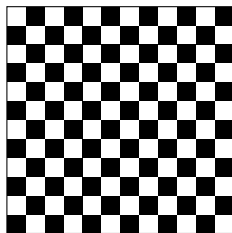
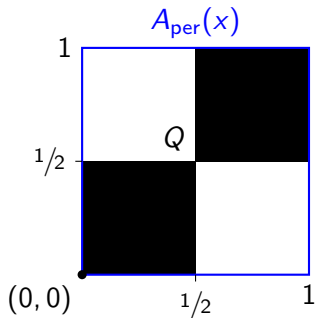
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## ■ Example : Checkerboard



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## ■ Randomly perturbed coefficient

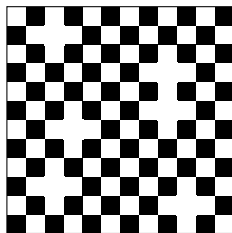
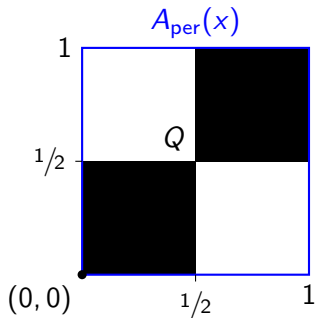
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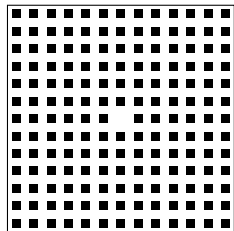
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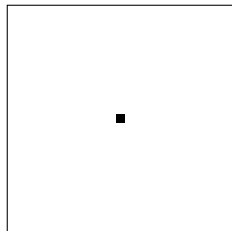


# Examples of RHS configurations

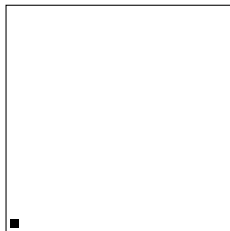
⚠ *No random defects*



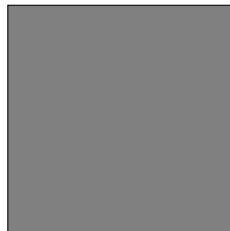
Perturbed coefficient  
(sponge)



RHS **exactly in**  
the defect block



RHS **far away**  
from the defect block

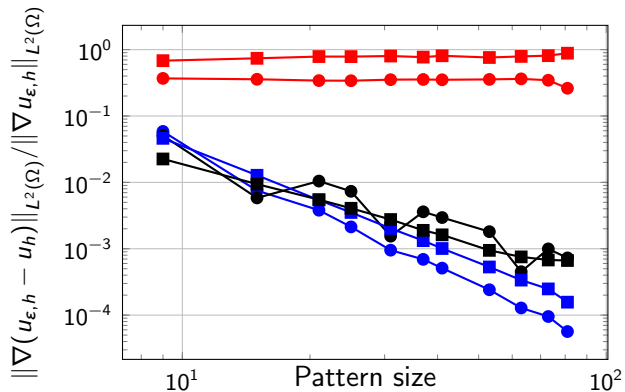


Global RHS

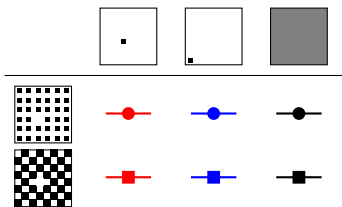
## Questions

- $\exists$  RHS s.t.  $\|\nabla(u_\epsilon - u)\|_{L^2(\Omega)}$  is **big** ?
- **Global** RHS  $\implies$  **small** solution differences ?
- Dependence **diameter/number** of defects, **contrast** and **FEM mesh size**

# A single non-random defect ( $\mathbb{P}_1$ FEM)



$\alpha = 1, \beta = 10, \text{FEM mesh size} : 243$



## Observations

- $f$  exactly in : the **worst error**, as expected
- $f \equiv 1$  : in-between the two other configurations
- $f$  exactly in &  $f$  far away : errors for *checkerboard* > errors for *sponge*

## Goal

**Efficient** computation of solution for **many** different realizations  $A$

  $\mathbb{P}_1$  FEM, *no multiscale method*

- 1 Subspace decomposition **preconditioner** & Convergence analysis
- 2 Multipoint **inversion formula**
- 3 **Offline-online** strategy

# Subspace decomposition preconditioner

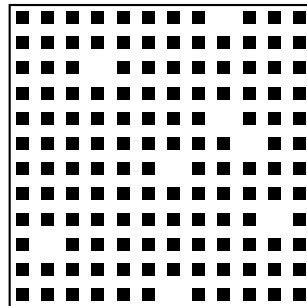
[Kornhuber & Yserentant, 2016]

- **Decomposition**  $V = V_0 + V_1 + \dots + V_n$

$$\underbrace{V_0 = V_H}_{\text{coarse space}}, \quad \underbrace{V_i = \{v \in V \mid \text{supp}(v) \subset \omega_i\}}_{\text{local spaces}}.$$

- **Projections**  $P_i: V \rightarrow V_i$ , such that

$$(A \nabla P_i v, \nabla w) = (A \nabla v, \nabla w) \quad w \in V_i$$



Preconditioner

$$P = \underbrace{P_0}_{\text{coarse}} + \underbrace{P_1 + \dots + P_n}_{\text{decoupled \& local}}$$

Coefficient perturbations

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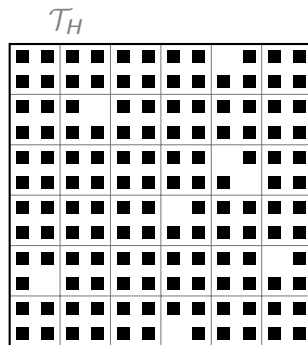
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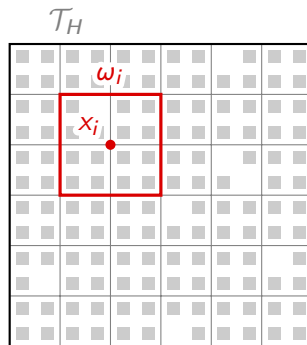
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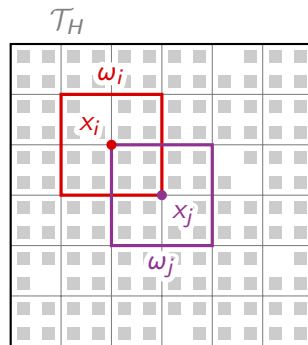
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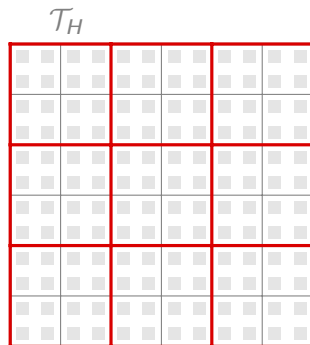
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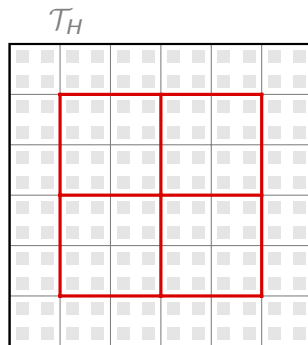
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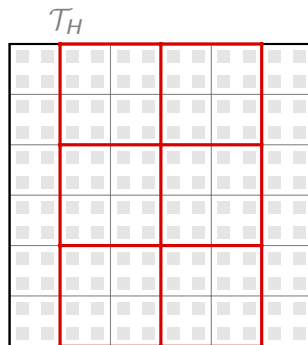
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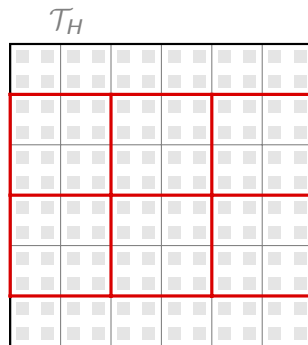
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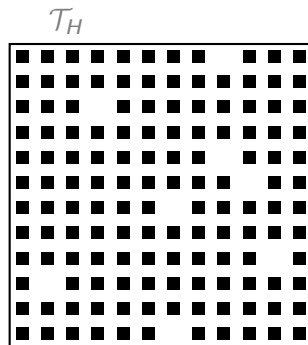
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- **Preconditioned conjugate gradient method** (PCG method)

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# Convergence analysis [Kornhuber & Yserentant, 2016]

- Any function  $v \in V$  can be decomposed into  $v = v_0 + v_1 + \dots + v_n$ , where  $v_i \in V_i$  so that

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \|v_i\|_A^2 \leq K_1 \|v\|_A^2.$$

Achieved with  $v_0 = \mathcal{I}_H v$  and  $v_j = \varphi_j(v - \mathcal{I}_H v)$  where  $\mathcal{I}_H: H_0^1(\Omega) \rightarrow V_H$  is an interpolation operator and  $\sum_{i=1}^n \varphi_i = 1$ .

- For any decomposition  $v = v_0 + v_1 + \dots + v_n$  :

$$\|v\|_A^2 \leq K_2 \sum_{i=0}^n \|v_i\|_A^2.$$

$K_1$  and  $K_2$  are independent of  $h$  and  $H$  and only depend on the contrast  $\beta/\alpha$ .

**Bound for the error of the PCG algorithm after  $i$  iterations**

$$\|u_h - u_h^{(i)}\|_A \leq 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\kappa} - 1}{\sqrt{\kappa} + 1} \right)^i \|u_h - u_h^{(0)}\|_A,$$

where  $\kappa = K_1 K_2$



# Multipoint inversion formula [Dusson, Garrigue & Stamm, 2023]

- Idea : Assuming that we know the inverses  $(A_i^{-1})_{i=1,\dots,N}$  and that

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i A_i,$$

under which conditions is the **same linear combination** of inverses

$$\tilde{A} := \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i A_i^{-1}$$

a **good approximation** for  $A^{-1}$  ?

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a **good approximation** for  $A^{-1}$  ?  $\implies$  **Multipoint perturbation formula**

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# Multipoint inversion formula [Dusson, Garrigue & Stamm, 2023]

- Idea : Assuming that we know the inverses  $(A_i^{-1})_{i=1,\dots,N}$  and that

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i A_i,$$

under which conditions is the **same linear combination** of inverses

$$\tilde{A} := \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i A_i^{-1}$$

a **good approximation** for  $A^{-1}$  ?  $\implies$  **Multipoint perturbation formula**

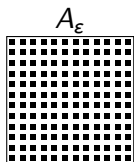
- Numerical experiments

Find  $u^{(i)} : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  such that

$$\begin{cases} -\operatorname{div}(A_i \nabla u^{(i)}) = f & \text{in } \Omega \\ u^{(i)} = 0 & \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\|\nabla(u - \tilde{u})\|_{L^2(\Omega)}}{\|\nabla u\|_{L^2(\Omega)}} \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{u} := \sum_{i=0}^N \alpha_i u^{(i)}.$$

# Offline-online strategy Inspired by [Målqvist & Verfürth, 2022]



**Input :** Problem data  $A_\epsilon, B_\epsilon, Q, f$

Fix  $k \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ , Precompute and save offline coefficients  $\{A_\ell\}_{\ell=0}^N$

**for**  $\ell = 0, \dots, N$  **do**

    Precompute  $P_k^{(\ell)} : V \rightarrow V_k$  defined by  $(A_\ell \nabla P_k^{(\ell)} v, \nabla w) = (A_\ell \nabla v, \nabla w) \quad \forall w \in V_k$

**end**

**for all** sample coefficients  $A$  **do**

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        Compute  $\{\mu_\ell\}_{\ell=0}^N$  such that  $A|_{\omega_i} = \sum_{\ell=0}^N \mu_\ell A_\ell$

        Assemble  $\tilde{P}_i := \sum_{\ell=0}^N \mu_\ell P_k^{(\ell)}$

**end**

$\tilde{P} := \tilde{P}_0 + \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{P}_i$  and Solve PCG system

**end**

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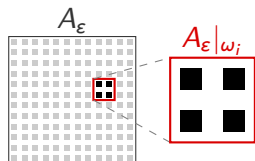
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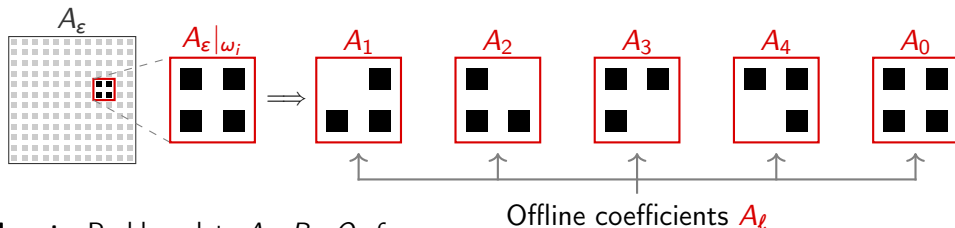
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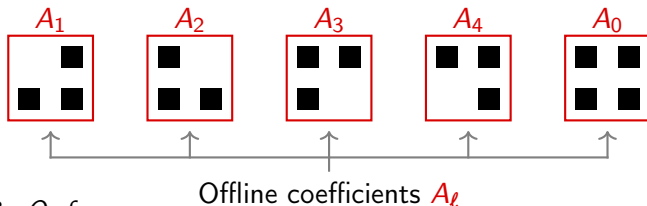
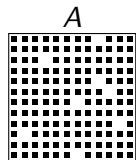
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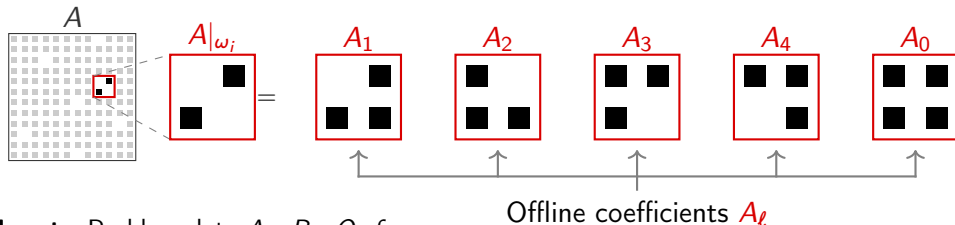
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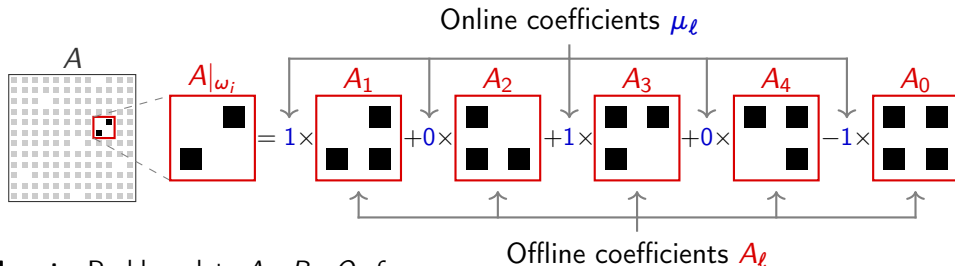
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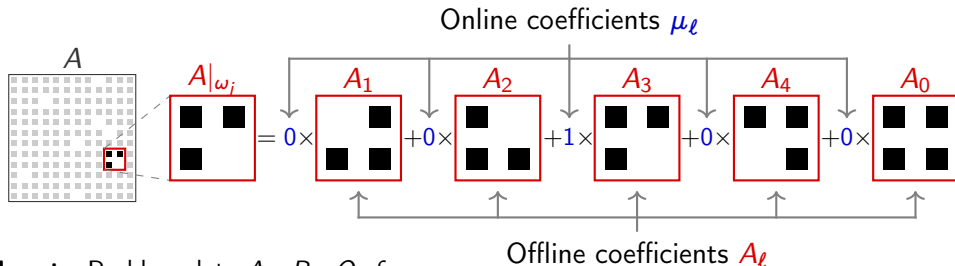
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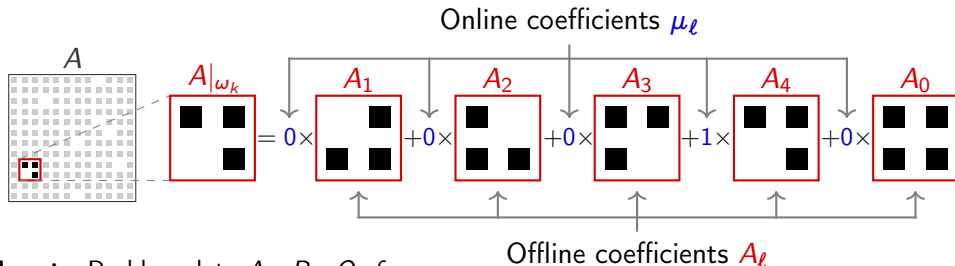
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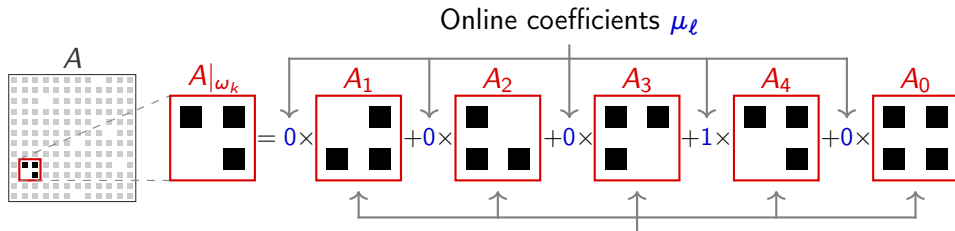
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**end**

**for all** sample coefficients  $A$  **do**

**Online phase**

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Assemble  $\tilde{P}_i := \sum_{\ell=0}^N \mu_\ell P_k^{(\ell)}$  **Rapid assembly**

**end**

$\tilde{P} := \tilde{P}_0 + \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{P}_i$  and Solve PCG system

**end**

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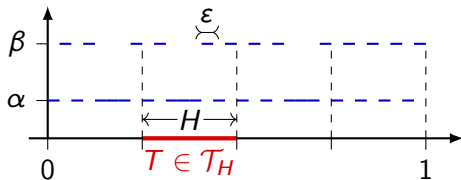
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# Three strategies

- ✗ Solving directly with  $A(x, \omega)$  defined on a  $\varepsilon$ -scale
- ✓ **Piecewise constant coefficient** defined on a coarse mesh  $H \gg \varepsilon$
- Standard FEM on  $\mathcal{T}_H$



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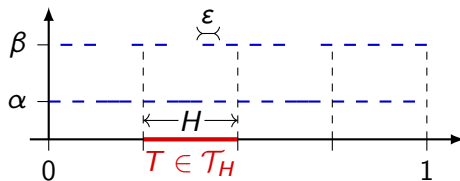
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Offline-online

$$A^O|_T(\omega) := \mu_0 \bar{A}_{\text{per}} + \sum_{i=1}^N \mu_i \bar{A}_i \text{ with } \bar{A}_i \text{ offline coefficients}$$

Expansion  
[Anantharaman & Le Bris, 2010]

$$A^* := \bar{A}_{\text{per}} + \rho A^e, \text{ with } A^e = \bar{A}_{\text{per}} - \frac{\bar{A}_{\text{per}}^2}{\bar{A}}$$

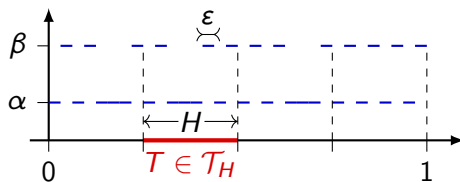
1D LOD

$$\hat{A}|_T(\omega) := \bar{A}_{\text{per}} \int_T \frac{A(x, \omega)}{A_{\text{per}}(x)} dx$$

where  $\bar{C}$  is the **harmonic mean** of  $C$

# Three strategies

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- ✓ **Piecewise constant coefficient** defined on a coarse mesh  $H \gg \varepsilon$
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Offline-online	$A^0 _T(\omega) := \mu_0 \bar{A}_{\text{per}} + \sum_{i=1}^N \mu_i \bar{A}_i$ with $\bar{A}_i$ offline coefficients
Expansion [Anantharaman & Le Bris, 2010]	$A^* := \bar{A}_{\text{per}} + \rho A^e$ , with $A^e = \bar{A}_{\text{per}} - \frac{\bar{A}_{\text{per}}^2}{\bar{A}}$
1D LOD	$\hat{A} _T(\omega) := \bar{A}_{\text{per}} \int_T \frac{A(x, \omega)}{A_{\text{per}}(x)} dx$

where  $\bar{C}$  is the **harmonic mean** of  $C$

**Remark** :  $N_{\text{def}} = 0 \implies$  standard periodic homogenization

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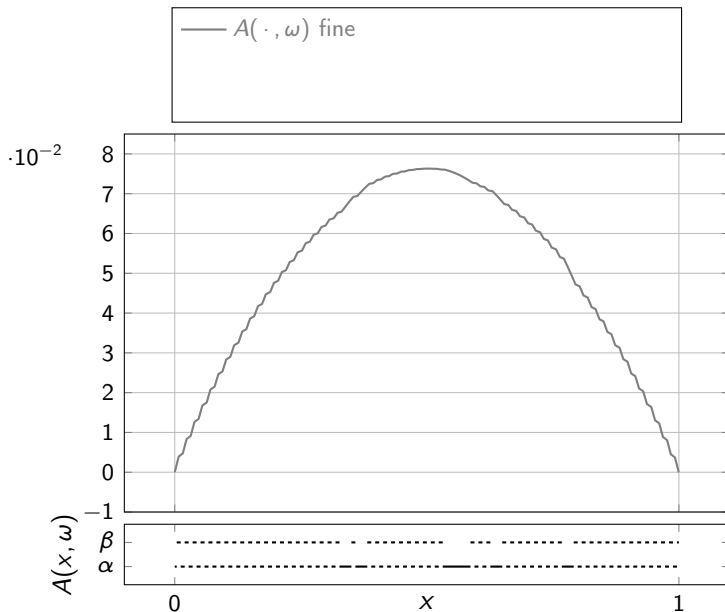
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# Three strategies



$$H = 2^{-3}, h = 10^{-3}, \varepsilon = 2^{-7}, \alpha = 1, \beta = 5$$

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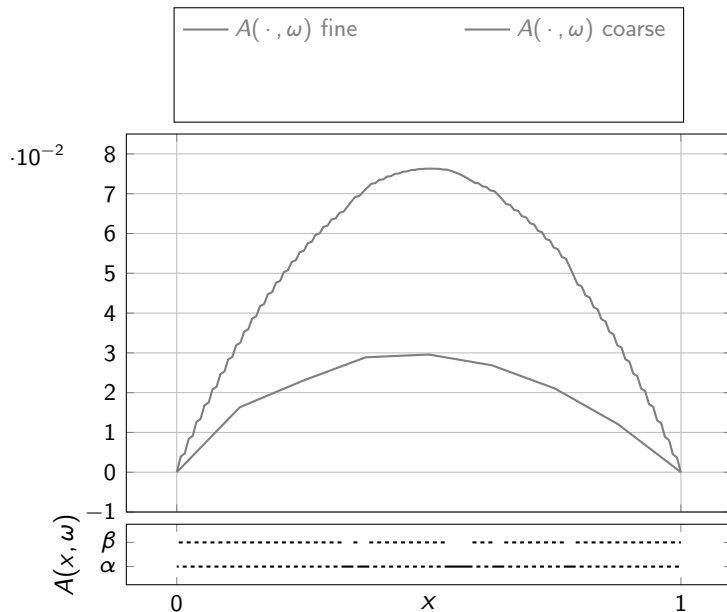
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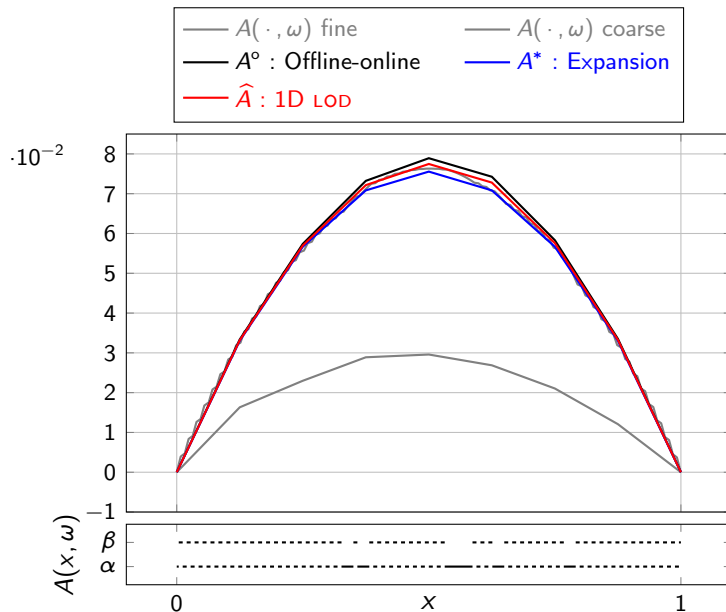
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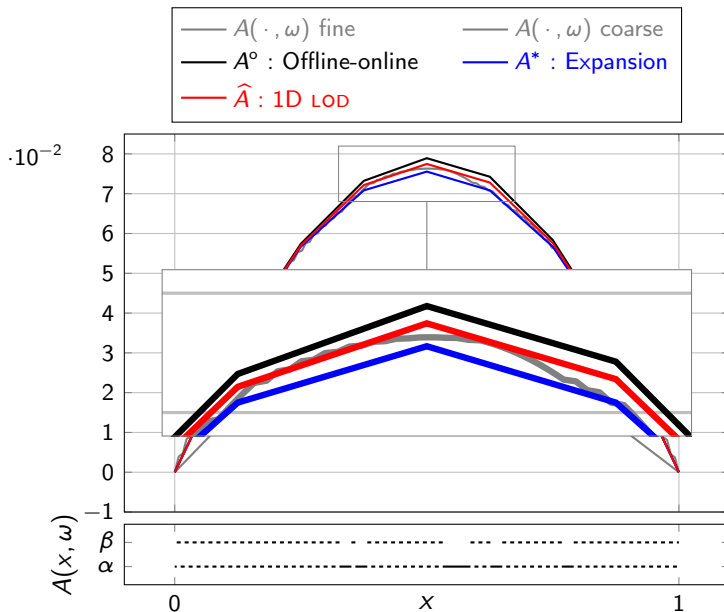
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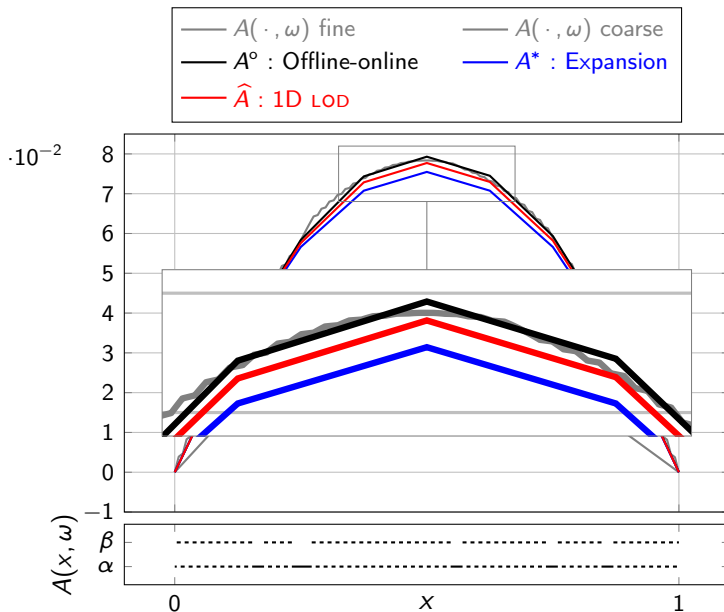
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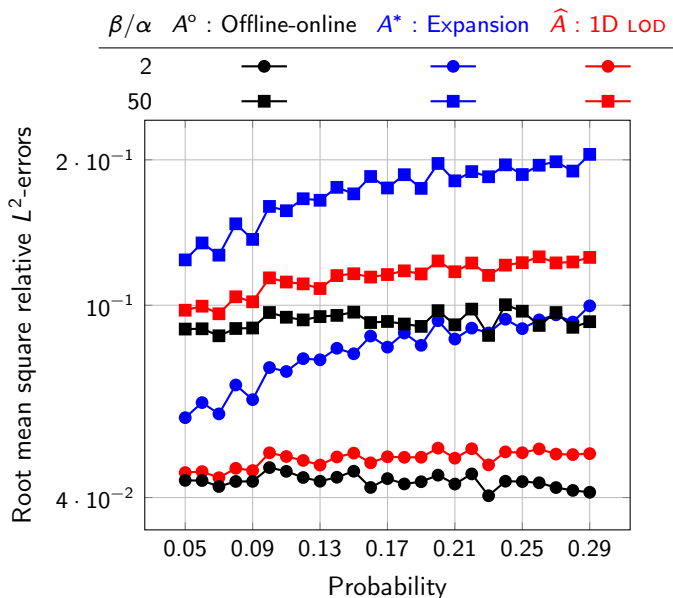
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# Monte-Carlo simulations



$$H = 2^{-3}, h = 2^{-11}, N_{\text{samples}} = 100, \varepsilon = 2^{-5}$$

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# Conclusion

## What we did

- 1 **Implementation** of **1D** and **2D** experiments
- 2 **Adaptation** of the **offline-online** alg. to a subspace correction method
- 3 **Comparison** of strategies in **1D**

## Future work

- Estimate the error  $\|P - \tilde{P}\| \iff$  **Inexact** PCG method
- Clarify link with the **Multipoint inversion formula**
- **Implement** the **offline-online** algorithm

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**Thank you for your attention !**